

April 14, 2022

To whom it may concern

DAIBIRU CORPORATION

Participation in the 30by30 Alliance for Biodiversity

DAIBIRU CORPORATION (Head office: Kita-ku, Osaka; Representative Director, President Chief Executive Officer: Takashi Maruyama) would like to announce that the Company and its parent company Mitsui O.S.K. Lines, Ltd. (Head office: Minato-ku, Tokyo; Representative Director and President, Chief Executive Officer: Takeshi Hashimoto) joined the 30by30 Alliance for Biodiversity, established by 17 industry, private, and government organizations including the Ministry of the Environment.



URL (Japanese only): <https://policies.env.go.jp/nature/biodiversity/30by30alliance/>

The 30by30 Alliance for Biodiversity is a voluntary coalition for effectively advancing toward the 30by30 goal,^{*1} which aims to protect 30% of land and sea areas by 2030. Participating entities will work together to achieve the 30by30 goal through OECM^{*2} registration of land they own, support for administration of protected areas, and other means.

The Daibiru Group, in line with its Environmental Policy of the Group, is engaged in creating environmentally-friendly towns full of greenery in order to contribute to sustainable development of society. As part of our efforts, we are accelerating the reduction of energy use and decarbonization in our buildings, such as by completing the introduction of emissions-free power in all company-owned buildings in Japan in April 2022 (please refer to [this news release](#) for details). In addition, to coexist with the natural environment, the Company has actively worked to protect the environment by creating eco-friendly green zones on building premises, including the Shin-Daibiru Building Dojima-no-mori.

Meanwhile, the MOL Group has made a commitment to tackle key issues such as the protection of biodiversity, in addition to climate change, in the MOL Group Environmental Vision 2.1^{*3} announced in June 2021.

Both the Daibiru Group and the MOL Group will continue advancing its environmental efforts, including their participation in the 30by30 Alliance.

■ Shin-Daibiru Building Dojima-no-mori

The Shin-Daibiru Building Dojima-no-mori carries on the spirit of the rooftop tree garden of the former Shin-Daibiru Building, with the concept of “a forest that is friendly to people as well as other living things.” Some of the trees grown on the rooftop garden of the former Shin-Daibiru Building were transplanted to the new building after conservation in a temporary location, with more native trees added. This resulted in the creation of a green zone covering approximately 1,000 *tsubo* [about 3,300 m²], the same size as the former rooftop garden. The building staff has been periodically checking the conditions of the trees since its completion in March 2015, and has maintained a system to address any issues based on discussions between the architects and the operators. Through these initiatives, the Company was awarded the highest rating of “AAA” from the Japan Habitat Evaluation and Certification Program [JHEP], which evaluates contributions to the ecosystem. This marked the first time that a company in western Japan received the highest score.

URL: <https://www.daibiru.co.jp/english/sustainability/#section3>

For the Daibiru Group’s materiality, please see [Daibiru Report 2021](#) (p. 11-12, 25-35).

News Release

■ SDGs corresponding to this initiative



- *1 Proposed as one of the goals of the draft Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework, the 30by30 goal aims to protect 30% of the global land and sea areas by 2030. International development of the framework is currently underway, and is expected to be adopted at the UN Biodiversity Conference (CBD COP15) (Part 2) to be held in 2022. Ahead of the adoption of the framework, at the G7 Summit held in June 2021, G7 countries including Japan made commitments to protect at least 30% of their respective land and sea areas by 2030 in line with the circumstances of and means adopted by each country.
- *2 OECM stands for Other Effective area-based Conservation Measures, and refers to areas that are achieving the effective in-situ conservation of biodiversity outside of protected areas, in which private organizations are taking conservation measures, or in which conservation of the natural environment is achieved mainly as a by-product of other management.
- *3 For details, please refer to the full version of the MOL Group Environmental Vision 2.1. (URL: <https://mol.disclosure.site/en/themes/101>)